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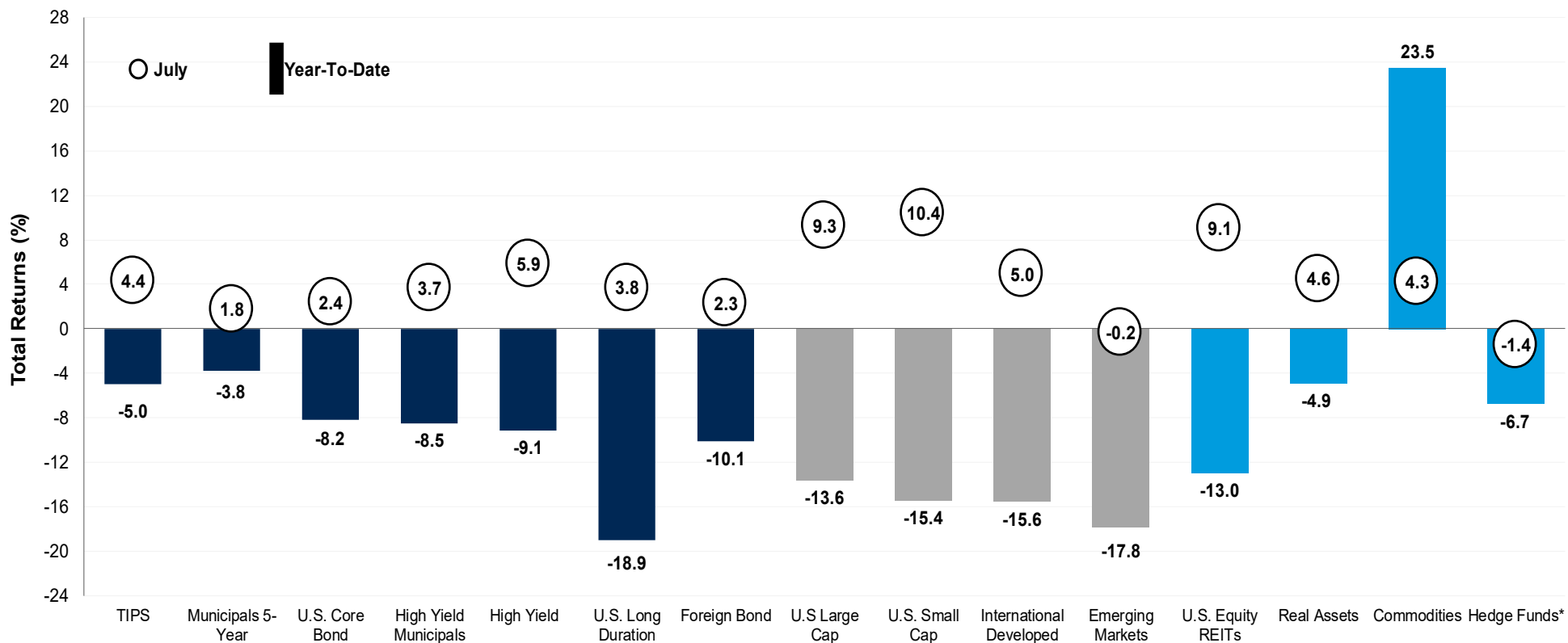
Monthly Performance Update - July 2022

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Past performance does not indicate future performance and there is possibility of a loss.



Asset Class Performance



Sources: FactSet, Morningstar. As of July 31, 2022. *Hedge fund returns are as of June 30, 2022.

Fixed Income (July)

- + Falling long-term rates were a reprieve for fixed income investors, marking only the second positive month for the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index this year.
- + U.S. high yield experienced the best monthly return in the last 10 years, driven in part by a strong technical backdrop and risk-on sentiment.
- The U.S. dollar strengthened, reaching parity with the Euro, a headwind for non-USD assets which trailed domestic markets.

Equity (July)

- + U.S. equities rebounded sharply in July, fueled in part by better-than-expected earnings reports and a shift in market sentiment that the Fed's actions may be taking hold to combat inflation as we move into the next year.
- + Developed international markets gained ground but lagged their domestic counterparts.
- Emerging markets fell modestly in the month, driven by weak results in China as the country's manufacturing sector contracted during the month.

Real Asset / Alternatives (July)

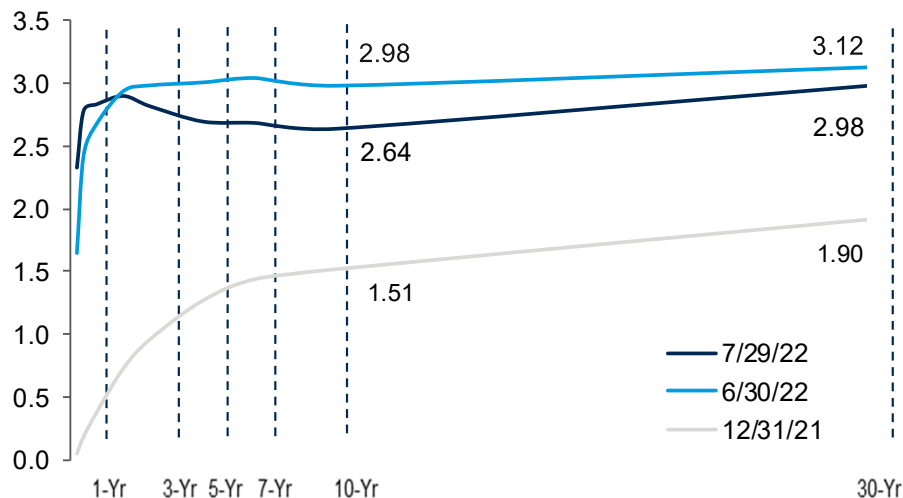
- + REITs moved higher, in line with the broader equity market. Lower interest rates and a strong summer travel season buoyed the sector.
- + Real assets gained ground during July. Inflation remains stubbornly high, and the underlying equity market rally contributed.
- + Commodity markets generally saw price declines in the month yet eked out a modest gain due to a large jump in natural gas prices.



Fixed Income Market Update

U.S. Treasury Yield Curve

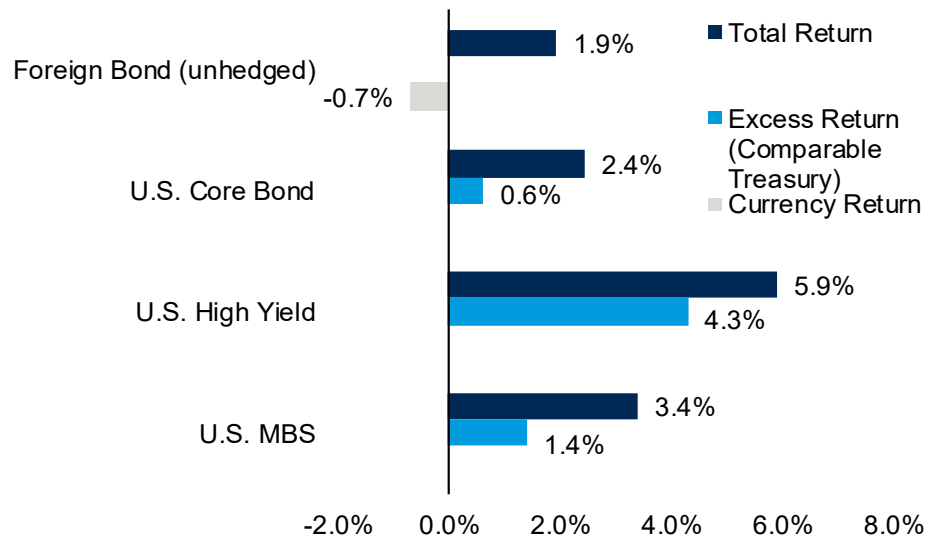
The U.S. yield curve became more inverted during the month, fueled by growing concerns of a recession putting downward pressure on long-term rates while tightening by the Fed pushed short-term rates higher.



Source: FactSet. As of July 31, 2022.

Index Performance Attribution (July 2022)

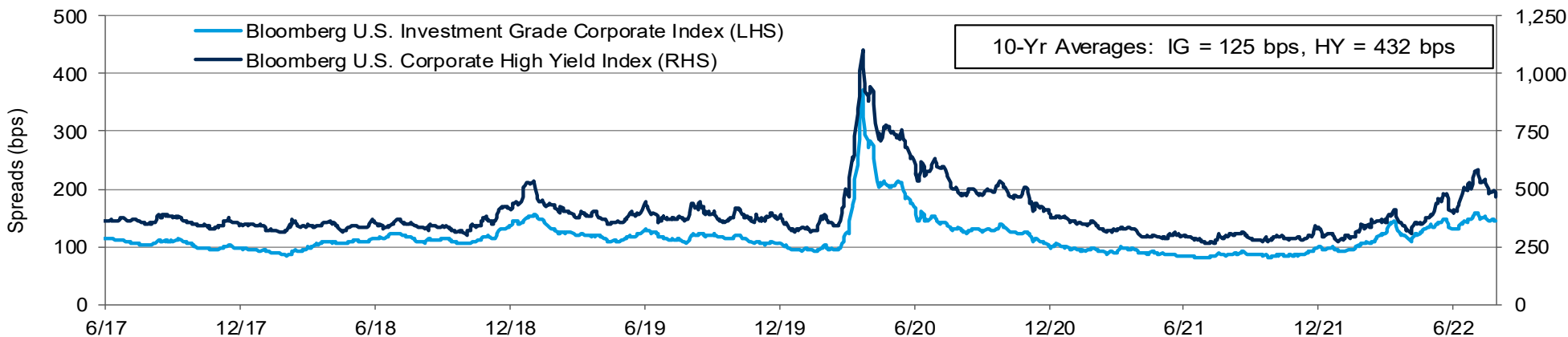
Spread sectors rebounded in July. Higher yields (better valuations) attracted investors and low issuance in the high yield sector provided a technical tailwind.



Source: FactSet. As of July 31, 2022.

Credit Market Spreads – Trailing 5 Years

Corporate bond spreads remain elevated compared to the start of the year but tightened in July, moving off recent year-to-date peaks. Despite the recent negative GDP estimate for the second quarter, better-than-expected earnings reports and a strong technical backdrop pushed spreads tighter.



Source: FactSet. As of July 31, 2022.



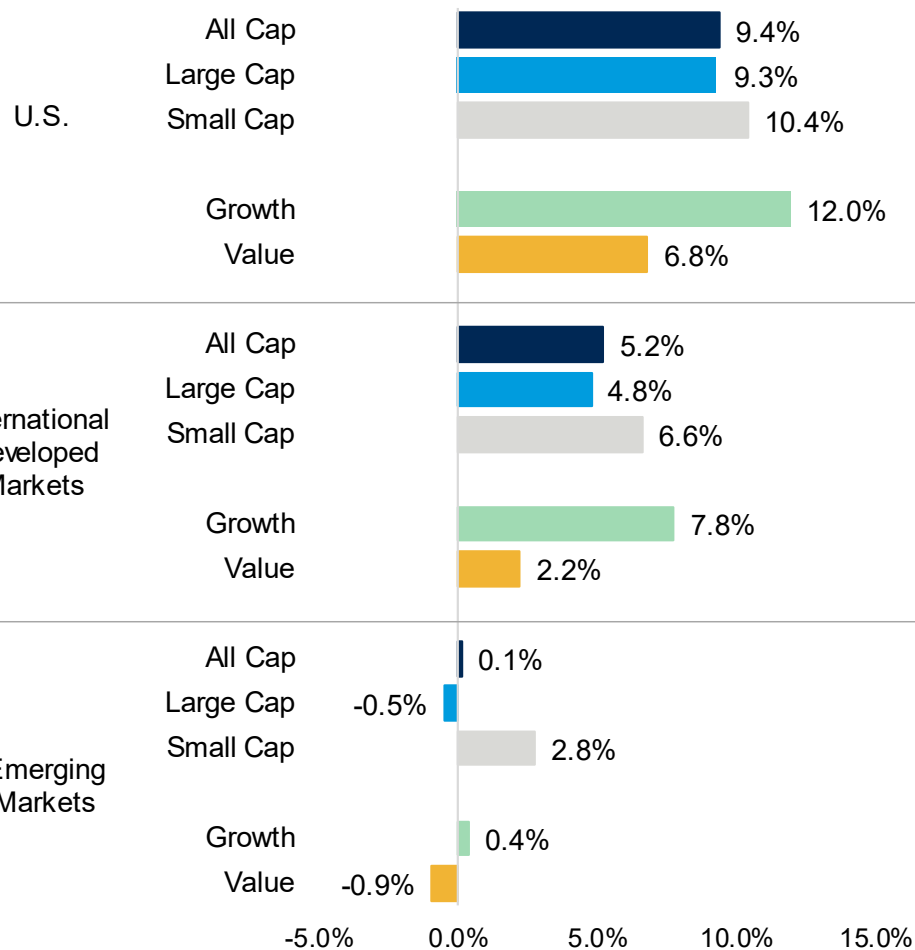
Equity Market Update

Market Capitalization & Style Performance (July 2022)

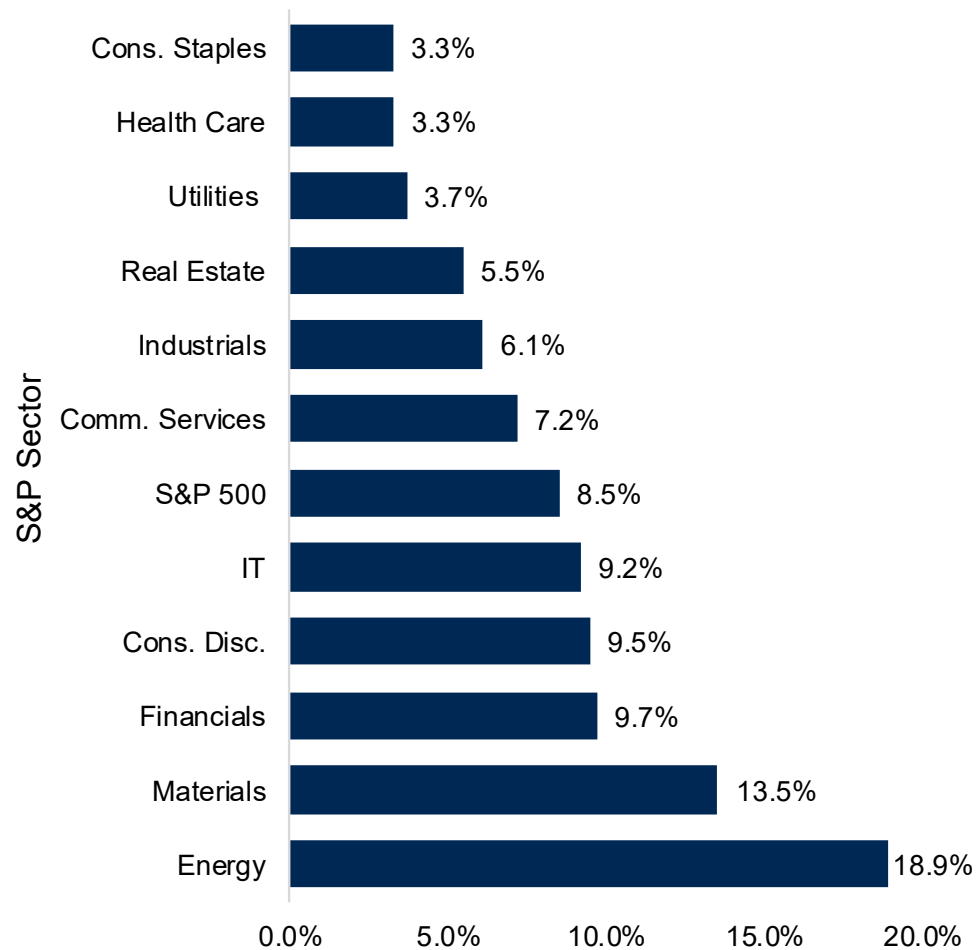
Equity markets bounced in July. Growth stocks outpaced value, a reversal from earlier in the year. Favorable earnings reports, especially among Tech companies, have provided a tailwind and falling long-term rates more favorably impacted the higher valuation companies.

U.S. Equities – Returns by Sector (July 2022)

All sectors in the S&P 500 were positive in July. Energy was the notable standout for the month as Exxon Mobile, Chevron, Phillips 66 and Valero beat earnings expectations for the second quarter. Information technology was also a large contributor given its significant weight in the S&P 500.



Source: FactSet. As of July 31, 2022.



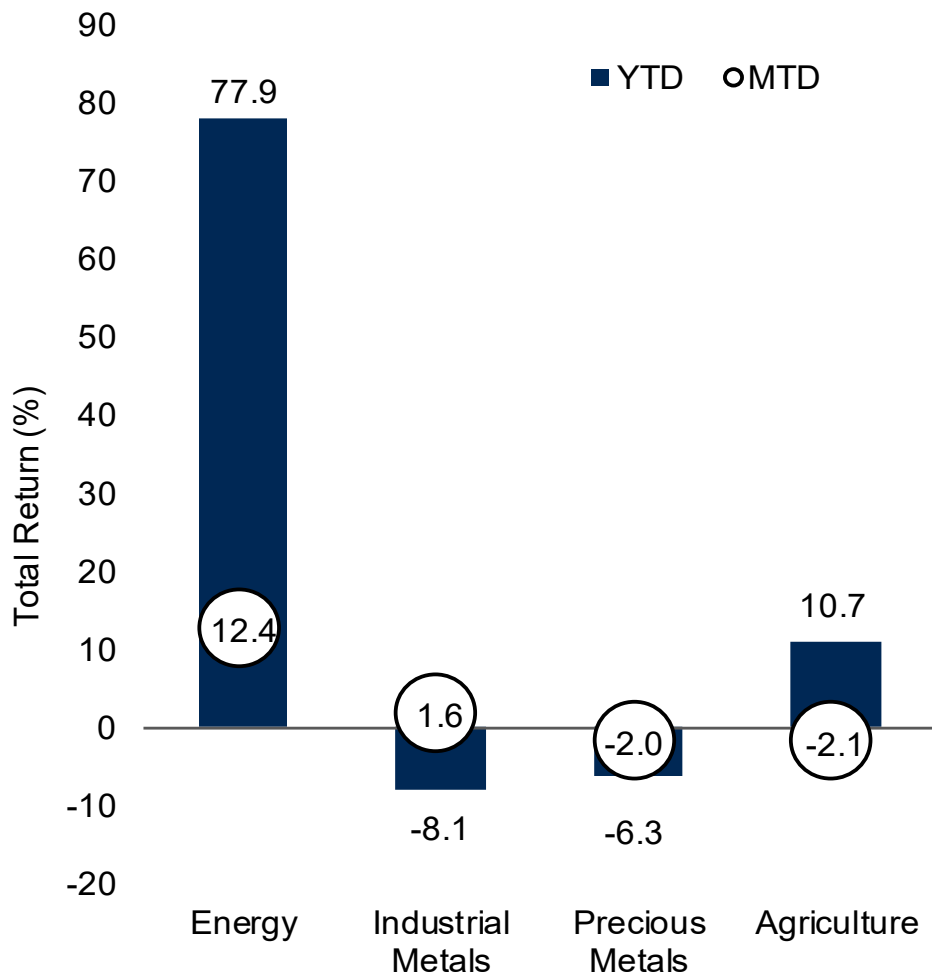
Source: FactSet. As of July 31, 2022.



Real Asset Market Update

Real Assets Performance

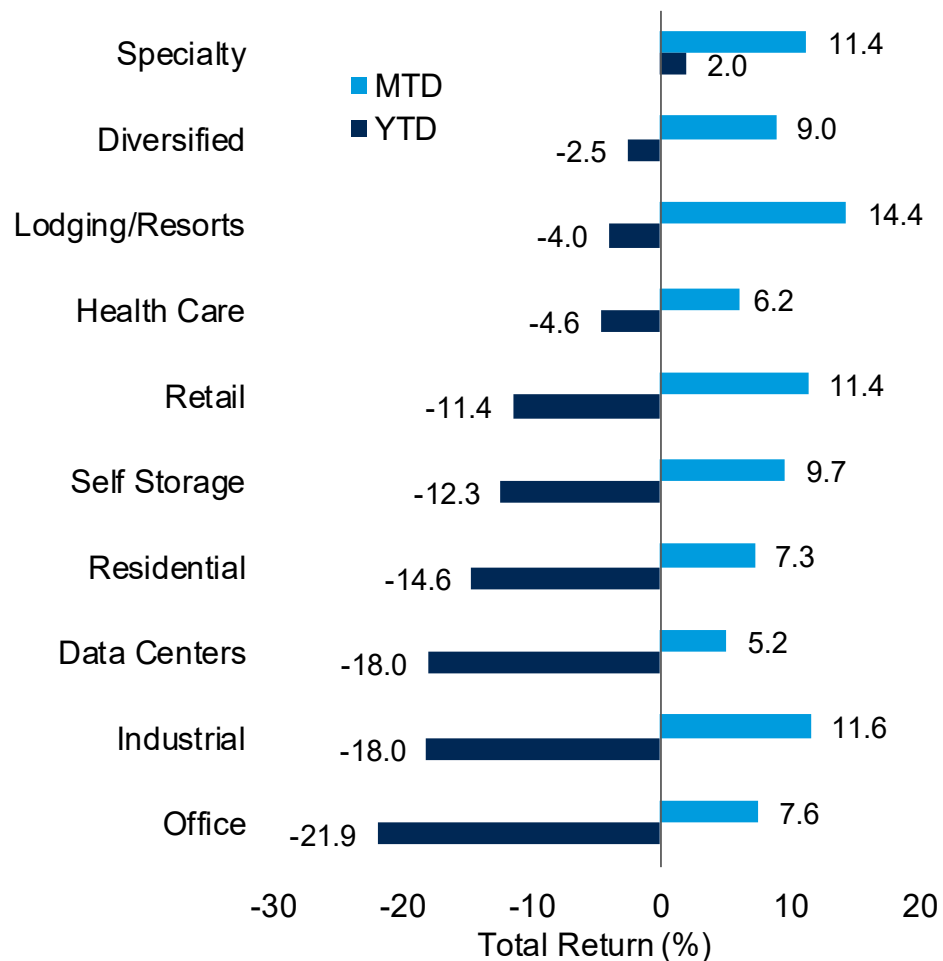
Natural gas was the star of the show in the energy market, as prices soared amid uncertainty of Russian gas supply to Western Europe, while oil prices continue to fall of peaks from earlier in the year. Other commodity markets were weaker amid prospects of a slowing global economy.



Source: FactSet. As of July 31, 2022.

REIT Sector Performance

REITs moved higher in the month as rates came down, alongside the broader equity market. Returns were widely positive, with all underlying sectors seeing a move higher. Retail, industrial, and lodging/resorts were all among the top performers as consumers continue to satisfy pent up demand for travel and services.



Source: FactSet. As of July 31, 2022.



Financial Markets Performance

Total Return as of July 31, 2022

Periods greater than one year are annualized

All returns are in U.S. dollar terms

Global Fixed Income Markets	MTD	YTD	1YR	3YR	5YR	7YR	10YR	15YR
Bloomberg 1-3-Month T-Bill	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	1.1%	0.8%	0.6%	0.7%
Bloomberg U.S. TIPS	4.4%	-5.0%	-3.6%	4.4%	4.0%	3.4%	2.0%	4.1%
Bloomberg Municipal Bond (5 Year)	1.8%	-3.8%	-4.2%	0.5%	1.4%	1.7%	1.7%	3.1%
Bloomberg High Yield Municipal Bond	3.7%	-8.5%	-8.2%	2.2%	4.3%	5.1%	4.6%	4.4%
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate	2.4%	-8.2%	-9.1%	-0.2%	1.3%	1.7%	1.6%	3.4%
Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield	5.9%	-9.1%	-8.0%	1.9%	3.1%	4.4%	4.9%	6.4%
Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Hedged	2.7%	-5.4%	-6.5%	-0.9%	1.8%	2.2%	2.8%	3.5%
Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Unhedged	1.9%	-14.9%	-18.5%	-4.2%	-1.9%	0.0%	-1.0%	1.4%
Bloomberg U.S. Long Gov / Credit	3.8%	-18.9%	-19.4%	-1.4%	1.7%	2.9%	2.6%	5.5%
JPMorgan GBI-EM Global Diversified	0.3%	-14.3%	-18.7%	-6.0%	-2.6%	-0.1%	-1.7%	1.8%
Global Equity Markets	MTD	YTD	1YR	3YR	5YR	7YR	10YR	15YR
S&P 500	9.2%	-12.6%	-4.6%	13.4%	12.8%	12.2%	13.8%	9.4%
Dow Jones Industrial Average	6.8%	-8.6%	-4.1%	9.2%	10.9%	11.8%	12.3%	8.9%
NASDAQ Composite	12.4%	-20.5%	-15.0%	15.8%	15.4%	14.6%	16.7%	12.3%
Russell 3000	9.4%	-13.7%	-7.4%	12.6%	12.2%	11.6%	13.5%	9.3%
Russell 1000	9.3%	-13.6%	-6.9%	12.9%	12.6%	11.9%	13.7%	9.4%
Russell 1000 Growth	12.0%	-19.4%	-11.9%	16.1%	16.3%	14.8%	16.0%	11.6%
Russell 1000 Value	6.6%	-7.1%	-1.4%	8.9%	8.3%	8.6%	11.1%	6.9%
Russell Mid Cap	9.9%	-13.8%	-9.8%	9.5%	9.7%	9.4%	12.3%	8.7%
Russell Mid Cap Growth	12.2%	-22.6%	-21.8%	7.5%	11.1%	9.9%	12.8%	9.2%
Russell Mid Cap Value	8.6%	-9.0%	-2.9%	9.4%	7.8%	8.4%	11.5%	7.9%
Russell 2000	10.4%	-15.4%	-14.3%	7.5%	7.1%	7.6%	10.6%	7.5%
Russell 2000 Growth	11.2%	-21.6%	-23.2%	4.7%	6.9%	6.5%	10.7%	7.9%
Russell 2000 Value	9.7%	-9.3%	-4.8%	9.4%	6.7%	8.2%	10.2%	6.9%
MSCI ACWI	7.0%	-14.6%	-10.5%	8.5%	7.9%	7.9%	9.3%	5.4%
MSCI ACWI ex. U.S.	3.4%	-15.6%	-15.3%	2.9%	2.4%	3.5%	5.0%	1.8%
MSCI EAFE	5.0%	-15.6%	-14.3%	3.2%	2.6%	3.1%	5.8%	1.8%
MSCI EAFE Growth	7.9%	-21.0%	-19.1%	4.0%	4.6%	4.7%	6.9%	3.1%
MSCI EAFE Value	2.1%	-10.3%	-9.9%	1.6%	0.3%	1.2%	4.4%	0.4%
MSCI EAFE Small Cap	6.6%	-19.7%	-20.3%	3.5%	2.3%	4.6%	7.8%	3.3%
MSCI Emerging Markets	-0.2%	-17.8%	-20.1%	0.9%	1.0%	3.8%	2.8%	1.6%
Alternatives	MTD	YTD	1YR	3YR	5YR	7YR	10YR	15YR
Consumer Price Index*	1.3%	5.4%	9.0%	5.0%	3.9%	3.2%	2.6%	2.4%
FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs	9.1%	-13.0%	-2.5%	6.6%	6.9%	7.2%	8.1%	7.0%
S&P Real Assets	4.6%	-4.9%	-2.3%	5.1%	4.9%	5.0%	4.6%	4.8%
FTSE EPRA NAREIT Developed	10.7%	-4.1%	5.5%	5.3%	7.2%	5.8%	8.1%	5.7%
FTSE EPRA NAREIT Developed ex U.S.	6.3%	-15.1%	-17.6%	-2.2%	1.1%	2.1%	4.0%	1.2%
Bloomberg Commodity Total Return	4.3%	23.5%	27.2%	16.2%	8.8%	5.1%	-1.0%	-1.6%
HFRI Fund of Funds Composite*	-1.4%	-6.7%	-5.7%	3.9%	3.6%	2.7%	3.7%	1.8%
HFRI Fund Weighted Composite*	-2.9%	-5.6%	-5.6%	6.2%	5.1%	4.4%	5.0%	3.7%
Alerian MLP	12.5%	23.8%	25.3%	4.1%	1.8%	0.0%	1.4%	4.6%

Sources: FactSet, Morningstar. As of July 31, 2022. Periods greater than 1 year are annualized. All returns are in U.S. dollar terms.

*HFRI returns as of June 30, 2022.

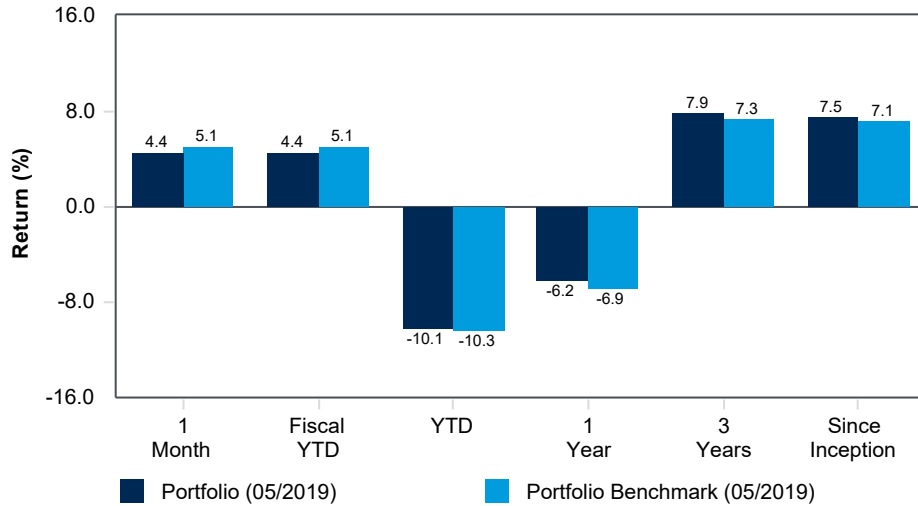


Portfolio Dashboard

Employees Pension

As of July 31, 2022

Historical Performance



Summary of Cash Flows

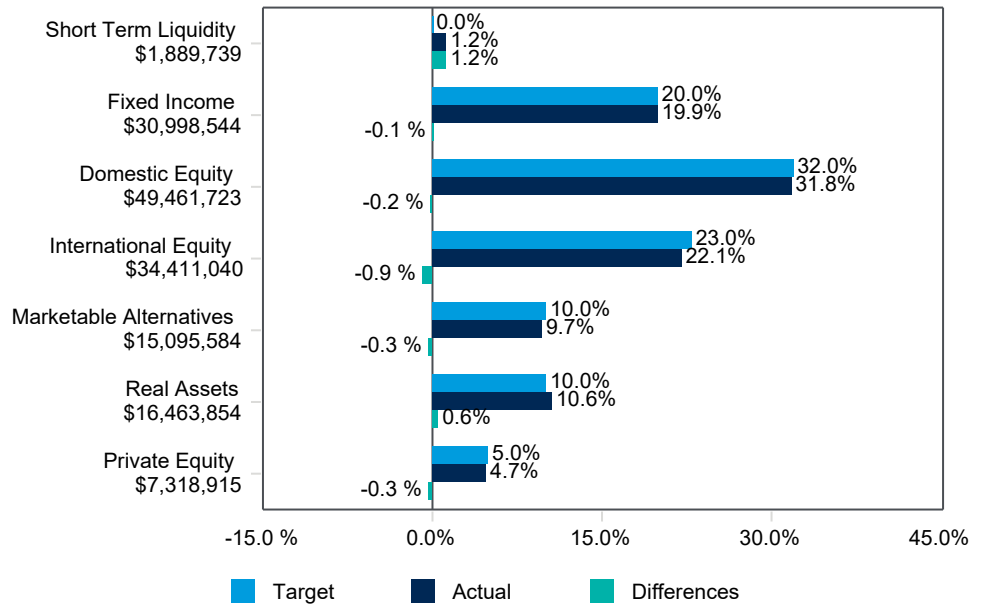
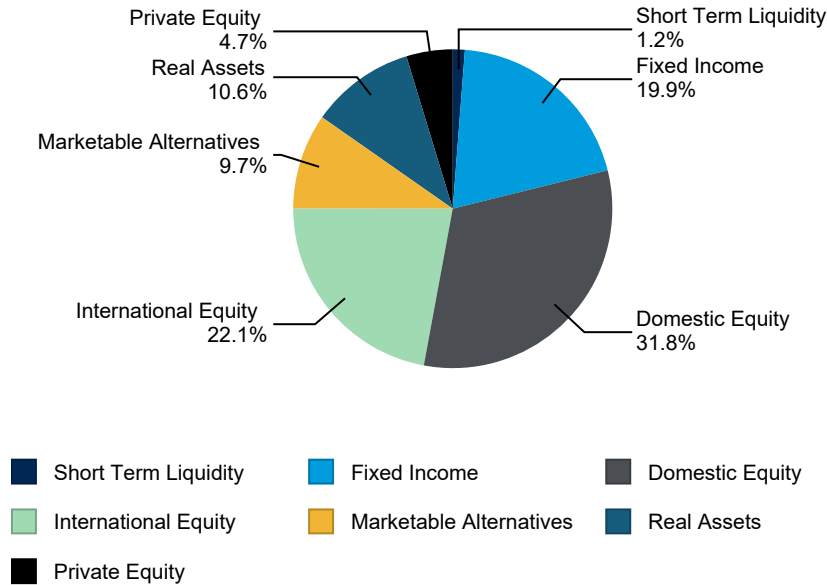
	1 Month	YTD	Fiscal YTD	1 Year
Beginning Market Value	149,240,125	178,435,180	149,240,125	175,413,441
Net Contributions	-226,830	-4,887,780	-226,830	-11,499,576
Gain/Loss	6,626,105	-17,908,001	6,626,105	-8,274,465
Ending Market Value	155,639,399	155,639,399	155,639,399	155,639,399

Current Benchmark Composition

From Date	To Date	Composition
12/2021	Present	20.00% Blmbg. U.S. Aggregate, 37.00% Russell 3000 Index, 23.00% MSCI AC World ex USA (Net), 10.00% HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index, 5.00% NCREIF Fund Index - ODCE (net), 5.00% DWS Real Assets Benchmark

Portfolio Allocation

Actual vs. Target Allocations





Asset Allocation

Employees Pension

As of July 31, 2022

	Asset Allocation (\$)	Asset Allocation (%)	Target Allocation (%)	Differences (%)
Employees Pension	155,639,399	100.0	100.0	0.0
Short Term Liquidity	1,889,739	1.2	0.0	1.2
First American Government Obligations Z	1,889,739	1.2	0.0	1.2
Fixed Income	30,998,544	19.9	20.0	-0.1
Western Asset Core Plus Bond IS	15,501,801	10.0	10.0	0.0
BlackRock Strategic Income Opportunities Fund K	11,684,738	7.5	7.5	0.0
Brandywine Global Opportunistic Fixed Income	3,812,005	2.4	2.5	-0.1
Domestic Equity	49,461,723	31.8	32.0	-0.2
Fidelity 500 Index Fund	39,459,557	25.4	25.0	0.4
Shapiro Small Cap Value	5,376,562	3.5	3.5	0.0
Conestoga Small Cap Instl	4,625,605	3.0	3.5	-0.5
International Equity	34,411,040	22.1	23.0	-0.9
EARNEST Partners International Equity (CIT)	14,092,797	9.1	9.0	0.1
MFS Instl International Equity Fund	13,681,537	8.8	9.0	-0.2
Baron Emerging Markets (CIT)	6,636,706	4.3	5.0	-0.7
Marketable Alternatives	15,095,584	9.7	10.0	-0.3
Ironwood Partners L.P	15,095,584	9.7	10.0	-0.3
Real Assets	16,463,854	10.6	10.0	0.6
Public Real Assets	7,828,327	5.0	5.0	0.0
DWS RREEF Real Assets Fund Instl	7,828,327	5.0	5.0	0.0
Private Real Estate	8,635,527	5.5	5.0	0.5
CPG Brookfield Opps Real Estate	1,635,527	1.1	0.0	1.1
TA Realty Core Property Fund, LP (\$8.75m)	7,000,000	4.5	5.0	-0.5
Private Equity	7,318,915	4.7	5.0	-0.3
CPG Carlyle Equity Opportunity Fund LLC	330,187	0.2	-	-
CPG WP Private Equity XI LLC	744,590	0.5	-	-
CPG WPXXX Energy LLC	523,000	0.3	-	-
StepStone VC Opportunities IV, L.P.	1,194,435	0.8	-	-
iCapital KV Seed C Access Fund LP	1,118,775	0.7	-	-
Oak Hill Cap Partners IV Onshore	427,176	0.3	-	-
Portfolio Advisors Secondary Fund II	225,335	0.1	-	-
HarbourVest 2019 Global Fund (\$2m)	1,642,555	1.1	-	-
HarbourVest 2021 Global Feeder Fund L.P. (\$3m)	662,339	0.4	-	-
747 Stuyvesant VII Parallel Fund, L.P. (\$2m)	450,523	0.3	-	-

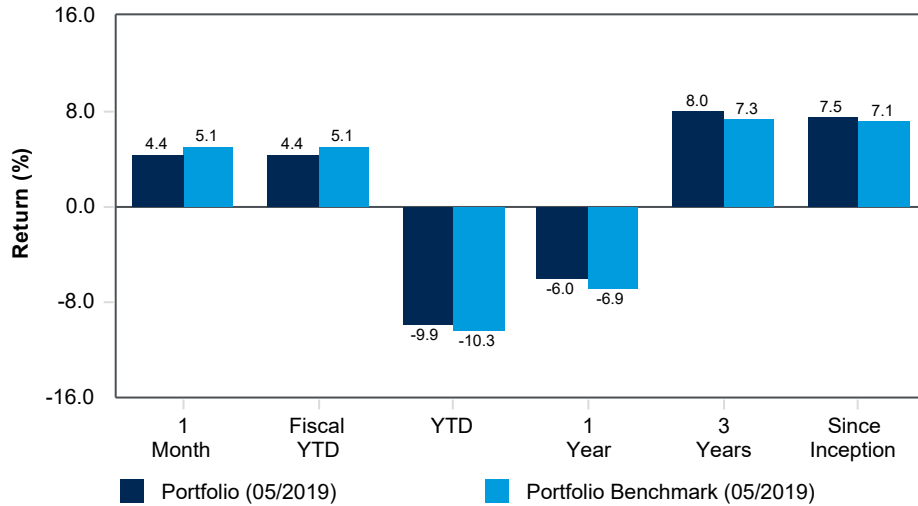


Portfolio Dashboard

Police/Fire Pension

As of July 31, 2022

Historical Performance



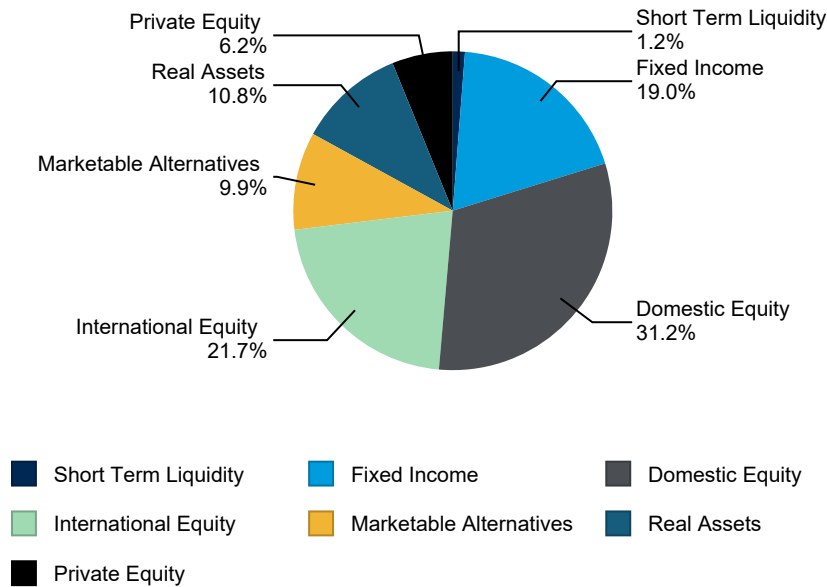
Summary of Cash Flows

	1 Month	YTD	Fiscal YTD	1 Year
Beginning Market Value	107,551,431	128,540,414	107,551,431	126,805,410
Net Contributions	-218,931	-3,896,840	-218,931	-7,501,828
Gain/Loss	4,665,719	-12,645,355	4,665,719	-7,305,364
Ending Market Value	111,998,219	111,998,219	111,998,219	111,998,219

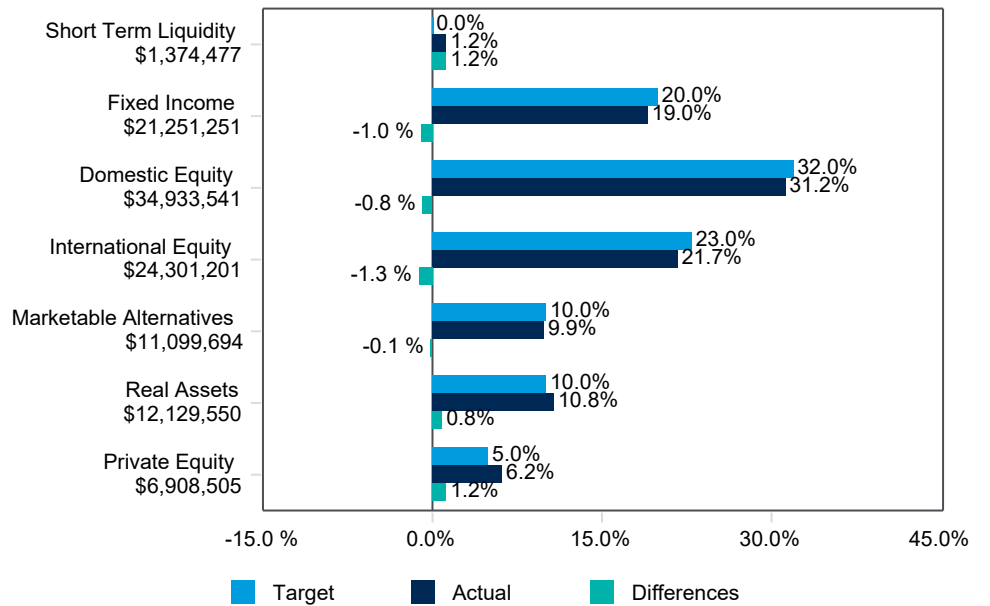
Current Benchmark Composition

From Date	To Date	Composition
12/2021	Present	20.00% Blmbg. U.S. Aggregate, 37.00% Russell 3000 Index, 23.00% MSCI AC World ex USA (Net), 10.00% HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index, 5.00% NCREIF Fund Index - ODCE (net), 5.00% DWS Real Assets Benchmark

Portfolio Allocation



Actual vs. Target Allocations





Asset Allocation

Police/Fire Pension

As of July 31, 2022

	Asset Allocation (\$)	Asset Allocation (%)	Target Allocation (%)	Differences (%)
Police/Fire Pension	111,998,219	100.0	100.0	0.0
Short Term Liquidity	1,374,477	1.2	0.0	1.2
First American Government Obligations Z	1,374,477	1.2	0.0	1.2
Fixed Income	21,251,251	19.0	20.0	-1.0
Western Asset Core Plus Bond IS	10,661,912	9.5	10.0	-0.5
BlackRock Strategic Income Opportunities Fund K	7,890,363	7.0	7.5	-0.5
Brandywine Global Opportunistic Fixed Income	2,698,975	2.4	2.5	-0.1
Domestic Equity	34,933,541	31.2	32.0	-0.8
Fidelity 500 Index Fund	27,782,951	24.8	25.0	-0.2
Shapiro Small Cap Value	3,827,504	3.4	3.5	-0.1
Conestoga Small Cap Instl	3,323,086	3.0	3.5	-0.5
International Equity	24,301,201	21.7	23.0	-1.3
EARNEST Partners International Equity (CIT)	9,795,277	8.7	9.0	-0.3
MFS Instl International Equity Fund	9,750,475	8.7	9.0	-0.3
Baron Emerging Markets (CIT)	4,755,449	4.2	5.0	-0.8
Marketable Alternatives	11,099,694	9.9	10.0	-0.1
Ironwood Partners L.P	11,099,694	9.9	10.0	-0.1
Real Assets	12,129,550	10.8	10.0	0.8
Public Real Assets	5,527,670	4.9	5.0	-0.1
DWS RREEF Real Assets Fund Instl	5,527,670	4.9	5.0	-0.1
Private Real Estate	6,601,880	5.9	5.0	0.9
CPG Brookfield Opps Real Estate	1,401,880	1.3	0.0	1.3
TA Realty Core Property Fund, LP (\$6.5m)	5,200,000	4.6	5.0	-0.4
Private Equity	6,908,505	6.2	5.0	1.2
CPG Carlyle Equity Opportunity Fund LLC	330,187	0.3	-	-
CPG WP Private Equity XI LLC	744,590	0.7	-	-
CPG WPXXX Energy LLC	523,000	0.5	-	-
StepStone VC Opportunities IV, L.P.	970,479	0.9	-	-
iCapital KV Seed C Access Fund LP	932,313	0.8	-	-
Oak Hill Cap Partners IV Onshore	427,176	0.4	-	-
Portfolio Advisors Secondary Fund II	225,343	0.2	-	-
HarbourVest 2019 Global Fund (\$2m)	1,642,555	1.5	-	-
HarbourVest 2021 Global Feeder Fund L.P. (\$3m)	662,339	0.6	-	-
747 Stuyvesant VII Parallel Fund, L.P. (\$2m)	450,523	0.4	-	-

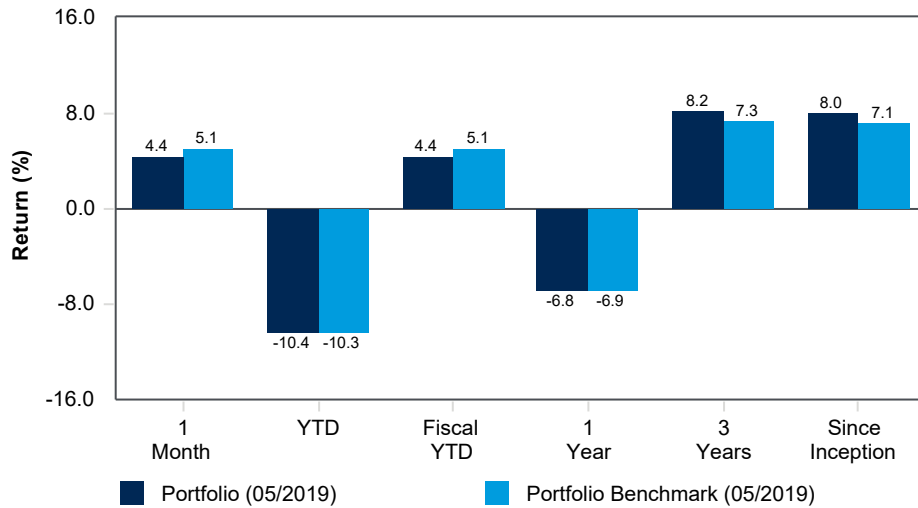


Portfolio Dashboard

Retiree Health Care Trust (OPEB)

As of July 31, 2022

Historical Performance



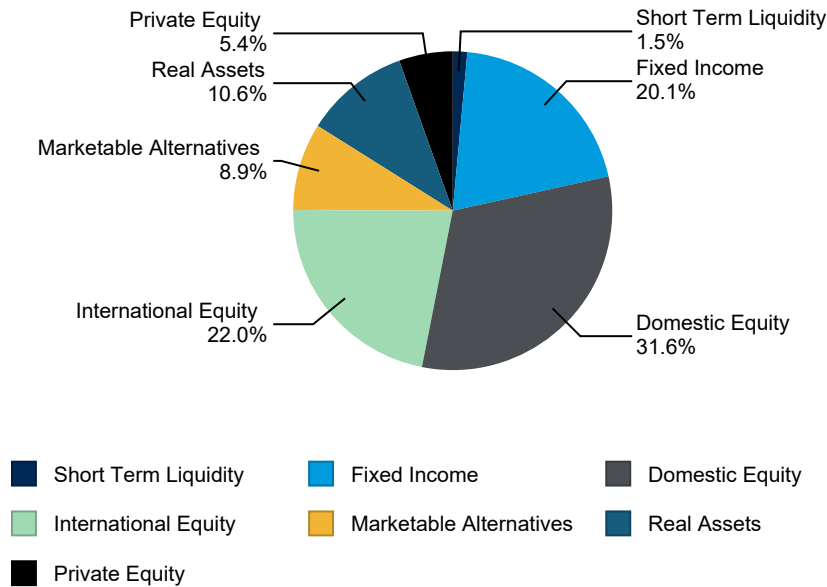
Summary of Cash Flows

	1 Month	YTD	Fiscal YTD	1 Year
Beginning Market Value	40,581,659	46,691,193	40,581,659	44,869,529
Net Contributions	-75,520	499,844	-75,520	529,585
Gain/Loss	1,787,824	-4,897,073	1,787,824	-3,105,151
Ending Market Value	42,293,963	42,293,963	42,293,963	42,293,963

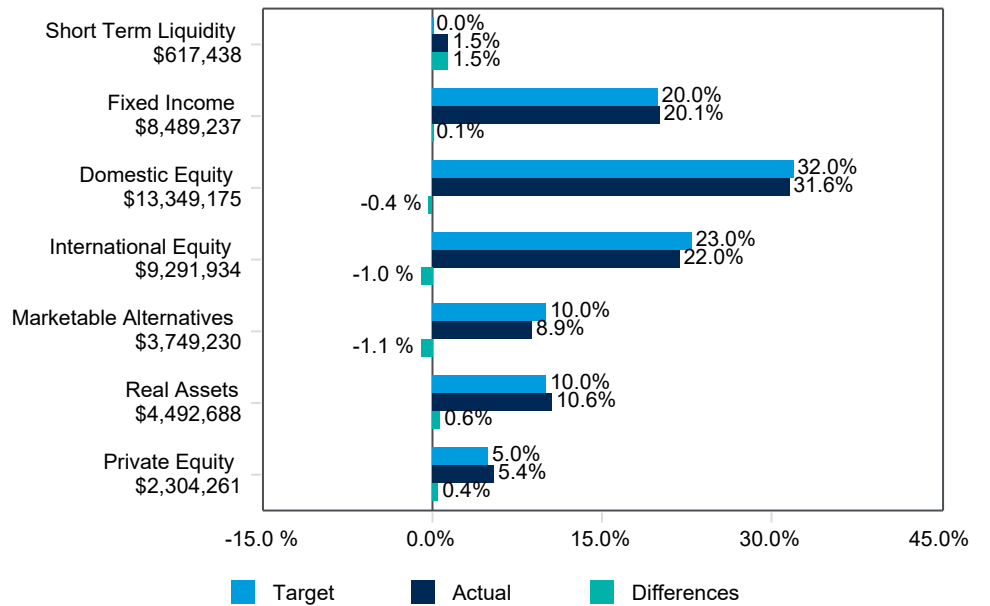
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Portfolio Allocation



Actual vs. Target Allocations





Asset Allocation

Retiree Health Care Trust (OPEB)

As of July 31, 2022

	Asset Allocation (\$)	Asset Allocation (%)	Target Allocation (%)	Differences (%)
Retiree Health Care Trust (OPEB)	42,293,963	100.0	100.0	0.0
Short Term Liquidity	617,438	1.5	0.0	1.5
First American Government Obligations Z	617,438	1.5	0.0	1.5
Fixed Income	8,489,237	20.1	20.0	0.1
Western Asset Core Plus Bond IS	4,278,554	10.1	10.0	0.1
BlackRock Strategic Income Opportunities Fund K	3,200,917	7.6	7.5	0.1
Brandywine Global Opportunistic Fixed Income	1,009,765	2.4	2.5	-0.1
Domestic Equity	13,349,175	31.6	32.0	-0.4
Fidelity 500 Index Fund	10,555,414	25.0	25.0	0.0
Shapiro Small Cap Value	1,451,051	3.4	3.5	-0.1
Conestoga Small Cap Instl	1,342,711	3.2	3.5	-0.3
International Equity	9,291,934	22.0	23.0	-1.0
EARNEST Partners International Equity (NHIT)	3,797,200	9.0	9.0	0.0
MFS Instl International Equity Fund	3,616,019	8.5	9.0	-0.5
Baron Emerging Markets Fund Ltd.	1,878,715	4.4	5.0	-0.6
Marketable Alternatives	3,749,230	8.9	10.0	-1.1
Ironwood Partners L.P	3,749,230	8.9	10.0	-1.1
Real Assets	4,492,688	10.6	10.0	0.6
Public Real Assets	2,145,395	5.1	5.0	0.1
DWS RREEF Real Assets Fund Instl	2,145,395	5.1	5.0	0.1
Private Real Estate	2,347,293	5.5	5.0	0.5
CPG Brookfield Opps Real Estate	467,293	1.1	0.0	1.1
TA Realty Core Property Fund, LP (\$2.35m)	1,880,000	4.4	5.0	-0.6
Private Equity	2,304,261	5.4	5.0	0.4
CPG Carlyle Equity Opportunity Fund LLC	55,032	0.1	-	-
CPG WP Private Equity XI LLC	124,099	0.3	-	-
StepStone VC Opportunities IV, L.P.	746,525	1.8	-	-
iCapital KV Seed C Access Fund LP	372,925	0.9	-	-
HarbourVest 2019 Global Fund (\$750k)	615,954	1.5	-	-
HarbourVest 2021 Global Feeder Fund L.P. (\$1m)	220,780	0.5	-	-
747 Stuyvesant VII Parallel Fund, L.P. (\$750k)	168,946	0.4	-	-



Manager Performance

As of July 31, 2022

	Performance(%)								
	1 Month	YTD	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Short Term Liquidity	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	-	-	0.6	05/2019
<i>90 Day U.S. Treasury Bill</i>	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.6	1.1	0.6	0.7	
First American Government Obligations Z	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	-	-	0.6	05/2019
<i>90 Day U.S. Treasury Bill</i>	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.6	1.1	0.6	0.7	
Fixed Income	2.7	-9.4	2.7	-10.8	0.1	-	-	1.1	04/2019
<i>Blmbg. U.S. Aggregate</i>	2.4	-8.2	2.4	-9.1	-0.2	1.3	1.6	0.8	
Western Asset Core Plus Bond IS	3.7	-12.8	3.7	-13.9	-1.0	1.0	2.5	0.2	05/2019
<i>Blmbg. U.S. Aggregate</i>	2.4	-8.2	2.4	-9.1	-0.2	1.3	1.6	0.8	
IM U.S. Broad Market Core+ Fixed Income (MF) Median	2.6	-9.2	2.6	-10.0	0.0	1.3	1.9	1.0	
Western Asset Core Plus Bond IS Rank	3	98	3	98	90	75	22	87	
BlackRock Strategic Income Opportunities Fund K	1.6	-3.9	1.6	-4.1	2.1	2.6	3.0	2.6	05/2019
<i>Blmbg. U.S. Aggregate</i>	2.4	-8.2	2.4	-9.1	-0.2	1.3	1.6	0.8	
IM Alternative Credit Focus (MF) Median	1.6	-6.3	1.6	-6.3	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.2	
BlackRock Strategic Income Opportunities Fund K Rank	51	28	51	23	21	19	14	12	
Brandywine Global Opportunistic Fixed Income	2.3	-12.3	2.3	-14.9	-1.3	-0.8	-	-0.2	05/2019
<i>Blmbg. Global Aggregate</i>	2.1	-12.1	2.1	-14.6	-2.4	-0.5	0.2	-1.3	
IM Global Fixed Income (MF) Median	2.5	-10.4	2.5	-12.1	-1.5	0.1	0.7	-0.4	
Brandywine Global Opportunistic Fixed Income Rank	63	64	63	67	45	75	-	44	
Domestic Equity	9.0	-13.4	9.0	-6.0	12.5	-	-	12.0	05/2019
<i>Russell 3000 Index</i>	9.4	-13.7	9.4	-7.4	12.6	12.2	13.5	12.1	
Fidelity 500 Index Fund	9.2	-12.6	9.2	-4.7	13.3	12.8	13.8	12.8	05/2019
<i>S&P 500</i>	9.2	-12.6	9.2	-4.6	13.4	12.8	13.8	12.9	
IM U.S. Large Cap Core Equity (MF) Median	8.5	-13.7	8.5	-7.3	12.1	11.9	12.9	11.7	
Fidelity 500 Index Fund Rank	31	34	31	23	21	24	17	21	
Shapiro Small Cap Value	7.7	-10.0	7.7	-4.6	10.5	8.0	13.0	9.1	05/2019
<i>Russell 2000 Value Index</i>	9.7	-9.3	9.7	-4.8	9.4	6.7	10.2	8.0	
IM U.S. Small Cap Value Equity (MF) Median	9.4	-7.7	9.4	-1.6	10.5	6.7	10.1	8.8	
Shapiro Small Cap Value Rank	85	96	85	83	50	27	3	43	

Manager performance for mutual funds and ETFs is based on NAV and provided by Lipper. Performance for non-mutual fund or ETF investments is based on the returns provided by managers, calculations based on a manager statement, or calculations based on a statement or data from the client's custodian. Funds may include returns of an equivalent share class with a longer return history if period includes dates prior to the fund's inception. Returns are net of fees unless otherwise stated. The fund's inception date represents the first month the client made the investment. Composite performance includes all funds held in the composite since inception. Inception dates for asset class composites reflect the start date at which these returns could be calculated using historical and existing system capabilities and may vary from the inception dates of underlying component strategies.



Manager Performance

As of July 31, 2022

	Performance(%)								
	1 Month	YTD	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Conestoga Small Cap Instl	8.6	-22.9	8.6	-18.1	5.7	10.6	13.1	6.3	05/2019
<i>Russell 2000 Growth Index</i>	11.2	-21.6	11.2	-23.2	4.7	6.9	10.7	4.6	
IM U.S. Small Cap Equity (MF) Median	9.8	-13.3	9.8	-9.1	8.5	7.6	10.6	7.7	
Conestoga Small Cap Instl Rank	82	84	82	74	80	16	6	71	
International Equity	3.8	-15.9	3.8	-14.8	5.1	-	-	4.3	05/2019
<i>MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)</i>	3.4	-15.6	3.4	-15.3	2.9	2.4	5.0	2.4	
EARNEST Partners International Equity (CIT)	4.1	-12.6	4.1	-11.8	6.2	3.8	-	4.6	03/2015
<i>MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)</i>	3.4	-15.6	3.4	-15.3	2.9	2.4	5.0	3.1	
IM International Large Cap Core Equity (MF) Median	4.5	-15.8	4.5	-14.5	3.5	2.2	5.2	2.6	
EARNEST Partners International Equity (CIT) Rank	66	18	66	19	11	9	-	2	
MFS Instl International Equity Fund	5.5	-15.4	5.5	-11.2	6.2	5.6	7.6	5.8	05/2019
<i>MSCI EAFE (Net)</i>	5.0	-15.6	5.0	-14.3	3.2	2.6	5.8	2.8	
IM International Large Cap Core Equity (MF) Median	4.5	-15.8	4.5	-14.5	3.5	2.2	5.2	2.7	
MFS Instl International Equity Fund Rank	17	45	17	16	11	5	1	11	
Baron Emerging Markets (CIT)	0.1	-22.9	0.1	-26.6	0.1	0.2	4.9	-0.6	05/2019
<i>MSCI Emerging Markets Growth (Net)</i>	0.4	-20.8	0.4	-24.4	1.9	1.7	4.3	1.0	
IM Emerging Markets Equity (MF) Median	0.2	-20.5	0.2	-23.7	0.7	0.4	2.7	-0.1	
Baron Emerging Markets (CIT) Rank	53	65	53	69	60	56	15	61	

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Manager Performance

As of July 31, 2022

	Performance(%)								
	1 Month	YTD	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Marketable Alternatives	0.2	-1.8	0.2	-0.5	4.8	-	-	17.0	04/2019
<i>HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index</i>	0.5	-6.1	0.5	-4.4	4.0	3.5	3.7	4.2	
Ironwood Partners L.P	0.2	-1.8	0.2	-	-	-	-	-1.3	11/2021
<i>HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index</i>	0.5	-6.1	0.5	-4.4	4.0	3.5	3.7	-7.1	
Public Real Assets	5.7	-1.7	5.7	-	-	-	-	4.5	12/2021
<i>DWS Real Assets Benchmark</i>	5.7	-1.0	5.7	3.5	7.2	6.0	4.9	4.8	
DWS RREEF Real Assets Fund Instl	5.7	-1.7	5.7	3.9	10.3	8.9	5.5	0.7	11/2021
<i>DWS Real Assets Benchmark</i>	5.7	-1.0	5.7	3.5	7.2	6.0	4.9	1.0	
Private Real Estate	0.0	5.7	0.0	24.1	11.4	-	-	10.3	04/2019
Private Equity	0.0	-0.6	0.0	4.0	16.1	14.2	-	10.2	09/2012

Manager performance for mutual funds and ETFs is based on NAV and provided by Lipper. Performance for non-mutual fund or ETF investments is based on the returns provided by managers, calculations based on a manager statement, or calculations based on a statement or data from the client's custodian. Funds may include returns of an equivalent share class with a longer return history if period includes dates prior to the fund's inception. Returns are net of fees unless otherwise stated. The fund's inception date represents the first month the client made the investment. Composite performance includes all funds held in the composite since inception. Inception dates for asset class composites reflect the start date at which these returns could be calculated using historical and existing system capabilities and may vary from the inception dates of underlying component strategies.



Benchmark History

Employee/PF and OPEB Blended Benchmark

As of July 31, 2022

Account Name	From Date	To Date	Benchmark
Employee/PF and OPEB Blended Benchmark	12/2021	Present	20.0% Blmbg. U.S. Aggregate, 37.0% Russell 3000 Index, 23.0% MSCI AC World ex USA (Net), 10.0% HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index, 5.0% NCREIF Fund Index - ODCE (net), 5.0% DWS Real Assets Benchmark
	05/2019	12/2021	20.0% Blmbg. U.S. Aggregate, 40.0% Russell 3000 Index, 25.0% MSCI AC World ex USA (Net), 10.0% HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index, 5.0% NCREIF Fund Index - ODCE (net)

Definitions & Disclosures

Please note: Due to rounding methodologies of various data providers, certain returns in this report might differ slightly when compared to other sources

REGULATORY DISCLOSURES

Offer of ADV Part 2A: Rule 204-3 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 requires that we make an annual offer to clients to send them, without charge, a written disclosure statement meeting the requirements of such rule. We will be glad to send a copy of our ADV Part 2A to you upon your written request to compliance@fiducient.com.

INDEX DEFINITIONS

- **Citigroup 3 Month T-Bill** measures monthly return equivalents of yield averages that are not marked to market. The Three-Month Treasury Bill Indexes consist of the last three three-month Treasury bill issues.
- **Ryan 3 Yr. GIC** is an arithmetic mean of market rates of \$1 million Guaranteed Interest Contracts held for three years.
- **Bloomberg Barclays Treasury U.S. T-Bills-1-3 Month Index** includes aged U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds with a remaining maturity from 1 up to (but not including) 3 months. It excludes zero coupon strips.
- **Bloomberg Barclays Capital US Treasury Inflation Protected Securities Index** consists of Inflation-Protection securities issued by the U.S. Treasury.
- **Bloomberg Barclays Muni Index** is a rules-based, market-value-weighted index engineered for the long-term tax-exempt bond market. Bonds must be rated investment-grade by at least two ratings agencies.
- **Bloomberg Barclays Muni 1 Year Index** is the 1-year (1-2) component of the Municipal Bond index.
- **Bloomberg Barclays Muni 3 Year Index** is the 3-year (2-4) component of the Municipal Bond index.
- **Bloomberg Barclays Muni 5 Year Index** is the 5-year (4-6) component of the Municipal Bond index.
- **Bloomberg Barclays Muni 7 Year Index** is the 7-year (6-8) component of the Municipal Bond index.
- **Bloomberg Barclays Intermediate U.S. Gov't/Credit** is the Intermediate component of the U.S. Government/Credit index, which includes securities in the Government and Credit Indices. The Government Index includes treasuries and agencies, while the credit index includes publicly issued U.S. corporate and foreign debentures and secured notes that meet specified maturity, liquidity, and quality requirements.
- **Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index** covers the U.S. investment grade fixed rate bond market, with index components for government and corporate securities, mortgage pass-through securities, and asset-backed securities.
- **Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate ex. USD Indices** represent a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade fixed income markets. The two major components of this index are the Pan-European Aggregate and the Asian-Pacific Aggregate Indices. The index also includes Eurodollar and Euro-Yen corporate bonds and Canadian government, agency and corporate securities.
- **Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index** covers the universe of fixed rate, non-investment grade debt. Eurobonds and debt issues from countries designated as emerging markets (sovereign rating of Baa1/BBB+/BBB+ and below using the middle of Moody's, S&P, and Fitch) are excluded, but Canadian and global bonds (SEC registered) of issuers in non-EMG countries are included.
- **JP Morgan Government Bond Index-Emerging Market (GBI-EM) Index** is a comprehensive, global local emerging markets index, and consists of regularly traded, liquid fixed-rate, domestic currency government bonds to which international investors can gain exposure.
- **The S&P 500** is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries.
- **The Dow Jones Industrial Index** is a price-weighted average of 30 blue-chip stocks that are generally the leaders in their industry.
- **The NASDAQ** is a broad-based capitalization-weighted index of stocks in all three NASDAQ tiers: Global Select, Global Market and Capital Market.
- **Russell 3000** is a market-cap-weighted index which consists of roughly 3,000 of the largest companies in the U.S. as determined by market capitalization. It represents nearly 98% of the investable U.S. equity market.
- **Russell 1000** consists of the largest 1000 companies in the Russell 3000 Index.
- **Russell 1000 Growth** measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with higher P/B ratios and higher forecasted growth values.
- **Russell 1000 Value** measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower P/B ratios and lower forecasted growth values.
- **Russell Mid Cap** measures the performance of the 800 smallest companies in the Russell 1000 Index.
- **Russell Mid Cap Growth** measures the performance of those Russell Mid Cap companies with higher P/B ratios and higher forecasted growth values.
- **Russell Mid Cap Value** measures the performance of those Russell Mid Cap companies with lower P/B ratios and lower forecasted growth values.
- **Russell 2000** consists of the 2,000 smallest U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 index.
- **Russell 2000 Growth** measures the performance of the Russell 2000 companies with higher P/B ratios and higher forecasted growth values.
- **Russell 2000 Value** measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with lower P/B ratios and lower forecasted growth values.
- **Russell 2500** consists of the 2,500 smallest U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 index.
- **Russell 2500 Growth** measures the performance of the Russell 2500 companies with higher P/B ratios and higher forecasted growth values.
- **Russell 2500 Value** measures the performance of those Russell 2500 companies with lower P/B ratios and lower forecasted growth values.
- **MSCI World** captures large and mid-cap representation across 23 Developed Markets countries. With 1,645 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.
- **MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) ex. U.S. Index** captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets countries (excluding the United States) and 23 Emerging Markets countries. With 1,859 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the global equity opportunity set outside the US.
- **MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) ex. U.S. Small Cap Index** captures small cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets countries (excluding the US) and 23 Emerging Markets countries. With 4,368 constituents, the index covers approximately 14% of the global equity opportunity set outside the US.
- **MSCI EAFE** is an equity index which captures large and mid-cap representation across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the US and Canada. With 930 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.

- **MSCI EAFE Value** captures large and mid-cap securities exhibiting overall value style characteristics across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the US and Canada. The value investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using three variables: book value to price, 12-month forward earnings to price and dividend yield. With 507 constituents, the index targets 50% coverage of the free float-adjusted market capitalization of the MSCI EAFE Index.
- **MSCI EAFE Growth** captures large and mid-cap securities exhibiting overall growth style characteristics across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the US and Canada. The growth investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using five variables: long-term forward EPS growth rate, short-term forward EPS growth rate, current internal growth rate and long-term historical EPS growth trend and long-term historical sales per share growth trend. With 542 constituents, the index targets 50% coverage of the free float-adjusted market capitalization of the MSCI EAFE Index.
- **MSCI Emerging Markets** captures large and mid-cap representation across 23 Emerging Markets countries. With 836 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free-float adjusted market capitalization in each country.
- **Consumer Price Index** is a measure of prices paid by consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. The yearly (or monthly) growth rates represent the inflation rate.
- **FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index** contains all Equity REITs not designed as Timber REITs or Infrastructure REITs.
- **S&P Developed World Property** defines and measures the investable universe of publicly traded property companies domiciled in developed markets. The companies in the index are engaged in real estate related activities, such as property ownership, management, development, rental and investment.
- **S&P Developed World Property x U.S.** defines and measures the investable universe of publicly traded property companies domiciled in developed countries outside of the U.S. The companies included are engaged in real estate related activities, such as property ownership, management, development, rental and investment.
- **Fund Specific Broad Real Asset Benchmarks:**
 - **DWS Real Assets:** 30%: Dow Jones Brookfield Infrastructure Index, 30%: FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index, 15%: Bloomberg Commodity Index, 15%: S&P Global Natural Resources Index, 10%: Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Notes Total Return Index
 - **PIMCO Inflation Response Multi Asset Fund:** 45% Barclays U.S. TIPS, 20% Bloomberg Commodity Index, 15% JP Morgan Emerging Local Markets Plus, 10% Dow Jones Select REIT, 10% Bloomberg Gold Subindex Total Return
 - **Principal Diversified Real Assets:** 35% BbgBarc U.S. Treasury TIPS Index, 20% S&P Global Infrastructure Index NTR, 20% S&P Global Natural Resources Index NTR, 15% Bloomberg Commodity Index, and 10% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index NTR
 - **Wellington Diversified Inflation H:** 50% MSCI ACWI Commodity Producers Index, 25% Bloomberg Commodity Index, and 25% Bloomberg Barclays US TIPS 1 – 10 Year Index
- **Bloomberg Commodity Index** is calculated on an excess return basis and reflects commodity futures price movements. The index rebalances annually weighted 2/3 by trading volume and 1/3 by world production and weight-caps are applied at the commodity, sector and group level for diversification.
- **HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index** is a global, equal-weighted index of over 2,000 single-manager funds that report to HFR Database. Constituent funds report monthly net of all fees performance in US Dollar and have a minimum of \$50 Million under management or a twelve (12) month track record of active performance. The HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index does not include Funds of Hedge Funds.
- **The Alerian MLP Index** is the leading gauge of energy Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs). The float adjusted, capitalization-weighted index, whose constituents represent approximately 85% of total float-adjusted market capitalization, is disseminated real-time on a price-return basis (AMZ) and on a total-return basis.
- **The Adjusted Alerian MLP Index** is commensurate with 65% of the monthly returns of the Alerian MLP Index to incorporate the effect of deferred tax liabilities incurred by MLP entities.
- **Cambridge Associates U.S. Private Equity Index** is based on data compiled from more than 1,200 institutional-quality buyout, growth equity, private equity energy, and mezzanine funds formed between 1986 and 2015.
- **Cambridge Associates U.S. Venture Capital Index** is based on data compiled from over 1,600 institutional-quality venture capital funds formed between 1986 and 2015.
- **Vanguard Spliced Bloomberg Barclays US1-5Yr Gov/Cr Flt Adj Index:** Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1–5 Year Government/Credit Bond Index through December 31, 2009; Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1–5 Year Government/Credit Float Adjusted Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Bloomberg Barclays US5-10Yr Gov/Cr Flt Adj Index:** Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 5–10 Year Government/Credit Bond Index through December 31, 2009; Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 5–10 Year Government/Credit Float Adjusted Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Bloomberg Barclays US Agg Flt Adj Index:** Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index through December 31, 2009; Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Bloomberg Barclays US Long Gov/Cr Flt Adj Index:** Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Long Government/Credit Bond Index through December 31, 2009; Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Long Government/Credit Float Adjusted Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Balanced Composite Index:** Made up of two unmanaged benchmarks, weighted 60% Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index (formerly the Dow Jones Wilshire 5000 Index) and 40% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index through May 31, 2005; 60% MSCI US Broad Market Index and 40% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index through December 31, 2009; 60% MSCI US Broad Market Index and 40% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index through January 14, 2013; and 60% CRSP US Total Market Index and 40% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Intermediate-Term Tax-Exempt Index:** Bloomberg Barclays 1–15 Year Municipal Bond Index.
- **Vanguard Spliced Extended Market Index:** Dow Jones Wilshire 4500 Index through June 17, 2005; S&P Transitional Completion Index through September 16, 2005; S&P Completion Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Value Index:** S&P 500 Value Index (formerly the S&P 500/Barra Value Index) through May 16, 2003; MSCI US Prime Market Value Index through April 16, 2013; CRSP US Large Cap Value Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Large Cap Index:** Consists of MSCI US Prime Market 750 Index through January 30, 2013, and the CRSP US Large Cap Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Growth Index:** S&P 500 Growth Index (formerly the S&P 500/Barra Growth Index) through May 16, 2003; MSCI US Prime Market Growth Index through April 16, 2013; CRSP US Large Cap Growth Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Mid Cap Value Index:** MSCI US Mid Cap Value Index through April 16, 2013; CRSP US Mid Cap Value Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Mid Cap Index:** S&P MidCap 400 Index through May 16, 2003; the MSCI US Mid Cap 450 Index through January 30, 2013; and the CRSP US Mid Cap Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Mid Cap Growth Index:** MSCI US Mid Cap Growth Index through April 16, 2013; CRSP US Mid Cap Growth Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Total Stock Market Index:** Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index (formerly known as the Dow Jones Wilshire 5000 Index) through April 22, 2005; MSCI US Broad Market Index through June 2, 2013; and CRSP US Total Market Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Small Cap Value Index:** SmallCap 600 Value Index (formerly the S&P SmallCap 600/Barra Value Index) through May 16, 2003; MSCI US Small Cap Value Index through April 16, 2013; CRSP US Small Cap Value Index thereafter.

- **Vanguard Spliced Small Cap Index:** Russell 2000 Index through May 16, 2003; the MSCI US Small Cap 1750 Index through January 30, 2013; and the CRSP US Small Cap Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Small Cap Growth Index:** S&P SmallCap 600 Growth Index (formerly the S&P SmallCap 600/Barra Value Index) through May 16, 2003; MSCI US Small Cap Growth Index through April 16, 2013; CRSP US Small Cap Growth Index thereafter.
- **Vanguard Spliced Total International Stock Index:** Consists of the Total International Composite Index through August 31, 2006; the MSCI EAFE + Emerging Markets Index through December 15, 2010; the MSCI ACWI ex USA IMI Index through June 2, 2013; and FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index thereafter. Benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes.
- **Vanguard Spliced Developed Markets Index:** MSCI EAFE Index through May 28, 2013; FTSE Developed ex North America Index through December 20, 2015; FTSE Developed All Cap ex US Transition Index through May 31, 2016; FTSE Developed All Cap ex US Index thereafter. Benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes.
- **Vanguard Spliced Emerging Markets Index:** Select Emerging Markets Index through August 23, 2006; MSCI Emerging Markets Index through January 9, 2013; FTSE Emerging Transition Index through June 27, 2013; FTSE Emerging Index through November 1, 2015; and FTSE Emerging Markets All Cap China A Transition Index thereafter. Benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes.
- **Vanguard REIT Spliced Index:** MSCI US REIT Index adjusted to include a 2% cash position (Lipper Money Market Average) through April 30, 2009; MSCI US REIT Index through January 31, 2018; MSCI US Investable Market Real Estate 25/50 Transition Index through July 24, 2018; MSCI US Investable Market Real Estate 25/50 Index thereafter.

Additional:

- Equity sector returns are calculated by Russell and MSCI for domestic and international markets, respectively. MSCI sector definitions correspond to the MSCI GICS® classification (Global Industry Classification System); Russell uses its own sector and industry classifications.
- MSCI country returns are calculated by MSCI and are free float-adjusted market capitalization indices that are designed to measure equity market performance in each specific country.
- Currency returns are calculated using Bloomberg's historical spot rate indices and are calculated using the U.S. dollar as the base currency.
- The Index of Leading Economic Indicators, calculated by The Conference Board, is used as a barometer of economic activity over a range of three to six months. The index is used to determine the direction and stability of the economy. The composite index of leading indicators, which is derived from 10 leading indicators, helps to signal turning points in the economy and forecast economic cycles. The leading indicators are the following: average weekly hours, average weekly initial claims, manufacturers' new orders, both consumer and non-defense capital goods, vendor performance, building permits, stock prices, money supply (M2), the interest rate spread and the index of consumer expectations.
- S&P Target Date Indexes are constructed using a survey method of current target date investments with \$100 million or more in assets under management. Allocations for each vintage are comprised of exchange-traded funds that represent respective asset classes used in target date portfolios. The indexes are designed to represent a market consensus glide path.

DEFINITION OF KEY STATISTICS AND TERMS

- **Returns:** A percentage figure used when reporting historical average compounded rate of investment return. All returns are annualized if the period for which they are calculated exceeds one year.
- **Universe Comparison:** The universe compares the fund's returns to a group of other investment portfolios with similar investment strategies. The returns for the fund, the index and the universe percentiles are displayed. A percentile ranking of 1 is the best, while a percentile ranking of 100 is the worst. For example, a ranking of 50 indicates the fund outperformed half of the universe. A ranking of 25 indicates the fund was in the top 25% of the universe, outperforming 75%.
- **Returns In Up/Down Markets:** This measures how the fund performed in both up and down markets. The methodology is to segregate the performance for each time period into the quarters in which the market, as defined by the index, was positive and negative. Quarters with negative index returns are treated as down markets, and quarters with positive index returns are treated as up markets. Thus, in a 3 year or 12 quarter period, there might be 4 down quarters and 8 up quarters. A simple arithmetic average of returns is calculated for the fund and the index based on the up quarters. A simple arithmetic average of returns is calculated for the fund and the index based on the down quarters. The up market capture ratio is the ratio of the fund's return in up markets to the index. The down market capture ratio is the ratio of the fund's return in down markets to the index. Ideally, the fund would have a greater up market capture ratio than down market capture ratio.
- **Standard Deviation:** Standard deviation is a statistical measure of the range of performance within which the total returns of a fund fall. When a fund has a high standard deviation, the range of performance is very wide, meaning there is a greater volatility. Approximately 68% of the time, the total return of any given fund will differ from the average total return by no more than plus or minus the standard deviation figure. Ninety-five percent of the time, a fund's total return will be within a range of plus or minus two times the standard deviation from the average total return. If the quarterly or monthly returns are all the same the standard deviation will be zero. The more they vary from one another, the higher the standard deviation. Standard deviation can be misleading as a risk indicator for funds with high total returns because large positive deviations will increase the standard deviation without a corresponding increase in the risk of the fund. While positive volatility is welcome, negative is not.
- **R-Squared:** This reflects the percentage of a fund's movements that are explained by movements in its benchmark index. An R-squared of 100 means that all movements of a fund are completely explained by movements in the index. Conversely, a low R-squared indicates very few of the fund's movements are explained by movements in the benchmark index. R-squared can also be used to ascertain the significance of a particular beta. Generally, a higher R-squared will indicate a more reliable beta figure. If the R-squared is lower, then the beta is less relevant to the fund's performance. A measure of diversification, R-squared indicates the extent to which fluctuations in portfolio returns are explained by market. An R-squared = 0.70 implies that 70% of the fluctuation in a portfolio's return is explained by the fluctuation in the market. In this instance, overweighting or underweighting of industry groups or individual securities is responsible for 30% of the fund's movement.
- **Beta:** This is a measure of a fund's market risk. The beta of the market is 1.00. Accordingly, a fund with a 1.10 beta is expected to perform 10% better than the market in up markets and 10% worse than the market in down markets. It is important to note, however, a low fund beta does not imply the fund has a low level of volatility; rather, a low beta means only that the fund's market-related risk is low. Because beta analyzes the market risk of a fund by showing how responsive the fund is to the market, its usefulness depends on the degree to which the markets determine the fund's total risk (indicated by R-squared).
- **Alpha:** The Alpha is the nonsystematic return, or the return that can't be attributed to the market. It can be thought of as how the manager performed if the market's return was zero. A positive alpha implies the manager added value to the return of the portfolio over that of the market. A negative alpha implies the manager did not contribute any value over the performance of the market.
- **Sharpe Ratio:** The Sharpe ratio is the excess return per unit of total risk as measured by standard deviation. Higher numbers are better, indicating more return for the level of risk experienced. The ratio is a fund's return minus the risk-free rate of return (30-day T-Bill rate) divided by the fund's standard deviation. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the more reward you are receiving per unit of total risk. This measure can be used to rank the performance of mutual funds or other portfolios.
- **Treynor Ratio:** The Treynor ratio measures returns earned in excess of that which could have been earned on a riskless investment per each unit of market risk. The ratio relates excess return over the risk-free rate to the additional risk taken; however, systematic risk is used instead of total risk. The Treynor ratio is similar to the Sharpe ratio, except in the fact that it uses the beta to evaluate the returns rather than the standard deviation of portfolio returns. High values mean better return for risk taken.

- **Tracking Error:** Tracking error measures the volatility of the difference in annual returns between the manager and the index. This value is calculated by measuring the standard deviation of the difference between the manager and index returns. For example, a tracking error of +/- 5 would mean there is about a 68% chance (1 standard deviation event) that the manager's returns will fall within +/- 5% of the benchmark's annual return.
- **Information Ratio:** The information ratio is a measure of the consistency of excess return. This value is determined by taking the annualized excess return over a benchmark (style benchmark by default) and dividing it by the standard deviation of excess return.
- **Consistency:** Consistency shows the percent of the periods the fund has beaten the index and the percent of the periods the index has beat the fund. A high average for the fund (e.g., over 50) is desirable, indicating the fund has beaten the index frequently.
- **Downside Risk:** Downside risk is a measure similar to standard deviation but focuses only on the negative movements of the return series. It is calculated by taking the standard deviation of the negative quarterly set of returns. The higher the factor, the riskier the product.
- **M-Squared:** M-squared, or the Modigliani risk-adjusted performance measure is used to characterize how well a portfolio's return rewards an investor for the amount of risk taken, relative to that of some benchmark portfolio and to the risk-free rate.

DEFINITION OF KEY PRIVATE EQUITY TERMS

- **PIC (Paid in Capital):** The amount of committed capital that has been transferred from the limited partner to the general partner.
- **TVPI (Total Value to Paid in Capital):** Money returned to limited partners plus the fund's unrealized investments, divided by money paid-in to the partnership. The TVPI should equal RVPI plus DPI.
- **DPI (Distribution to Paid In Capital):** Money returned (distributions) to limited partners divided by money paid in to the partnership. Also called cash-on-cash multiple.
- **RVPI (Residual Value to Paid In Capital):** The value of a fund's unrealized investments divided by money paid-in to the partnership.
- **Internal rate of return (IRR):** This is the most appropriate performance benchmark for private equity investments. It is a time-weighted return expressed as a percentage. IRR uses the present sum of cash drawdowns (money invested), the present value of distributions (money returned from investments) and the current value of unrealized investments and applies a discount.
- **Commitment:** Every investor in a private equity fund commits to investing a specified sum of money in the fund partnership over a specified period of time. The fund records this as the limited partnership's capital commitment. The sum of capital commitments is equal to the size of the fund.
- **Capital Distribution:** These are the returns that an investor in a private equity fund receives. It is the income and capital realized from investments less expenses and liabilities. Once a limited partner has had their cost of investment returned, further distributions are actual profit. The partnership agreement determines the timing of distributions to the limited partner. It will also determine how profits are divided among the limited partners and general partner.
- **Carried Interest:** The share of profits that the fund manager is due once it has returned the cost of investment to investors. Carried interest is normally expressed as a percentage of the total profits of the fund.
- **Co-Investment:** Co-Investments are minority investments made alongside a private equity investor in an LBO, a recapitalization, or an expansion capital transaction. It is a passive, non-controlling investment, as the private equity firm involved will typically exercise control and perform monitoring functions.
- **General Partner (GP):** This can refer to the top-ranking partners at a private equity firm as well as the firm managing the private equity fund.
- **GP Commitments:** It is normal practice for the GP managing a private equity fund to also make a financial commitment to the fund on the same basis as the LPs in the fund, and this is seen as an important factor driving the alignment of GP and LP interests. The historic benchmark for GP commitments has been 1% of the total fund size, but this is by no means universal, and many GPs commit significantly larger amounts. Furthermore, there has been a marked trend towards GPs making larger commitments to their funds over recent years.
- **Leveraged Buy-Out (LBO):** The acquisition of a company using debt and equity finance.
- **Limited Partner (LP):** Institutions or high-net-worth individuals/sophisticated investors that contribute capital to a private equity fund.
- **Public Market Equivalent (PME):** Performance measure used to evaluate performance relative to the market. It is calculated as the ratio of the discounted value of the LP's inflows divided by the discounted value of outflows, with the discounting performed using realized market returns.
- **Primaries:** An original investment vehicle that invests directly into a company or asset.

VALUATION POLICY

Fiducient Advisors does not engage an independent third-party pricing service to value securities. Our reports are generated using the security prices provided by custodians used by our clients. Our custodial pricing hierarchy is available upon request. If a client holds a security not reported by the first custodian within the hierarchy, the valuation is generated from the next custodian within the hierarchy, and so forth. Each custodian uses pricing services from outside vendors, where the vendors may generate nominally different prices. Therefore, this report can reflect minor valuation differences from those contained in a custodian's report. In rare instances where FA overrides a custodial price, prices are taken from Bloomberg.

REPORTING POLICY

This report is intended for the exclusive use of the client listed within the report. Content is privileged and confidential. Any dissemination or distribution is strictly prohibited. Information has been obtained from a variety of sources believed to be reliable though not independently verified. Any forecast represents median expectations and actual returns, volatilities and correlations will differ from forecasts. Please note each client has customized investment objectives and constraints and the investment strategy for each portfolio is based on a client-specific asset allocation model. Past performance does not indicate future performance and there is a possibility of a loss. Performance calculated net of investment fees. Certain portfolios presented may be gross of Fiducient Advisors' fees and actual performance would be reduced by investment advisory fees. This report does not represent a specific investment recommendation. Please consult with your advisor, attorney, and accountant, as appropriate, regarding specific advice.

Custodian reports are the reports that govern the account. There will be different account values between Fiducient Advisors' reports and the custodian reports based on whether the report utilizes trade date or settlement date to calculate value. Additionally, difference between values contained on reports may be caused by different accrued income values. Any forecasts represent future expectations and actual returns, volatilities and correlations will differ from forecasts. This report does not represent a specific investment recommendation. Please consult with your advisor, attorney, and accountant, as appropriate, regarding specific advice. Past performance does not indicate future performance and there is a possibility of a loss.

Manager performance for mutual funds and ETFs is based on NAV and provided by Lipper. Performance for non-mutual fund or ETF investments is based on the returns provided by managers, calculations based on a manager statement, or calculations based on a statement or data from the client's custodian. Unless specified otherwise, all returns are net of individual manager fees, represent total returns and are annualized for periods greater than one year. The deduction of fees produces a compounding effect that reduces the total rate of return over time. As an example, the effect of investment management fees on the total value of a client's portfolio assuming (a) quarterly fee assessment, (b) \$1,000,000 investment, (c) portfolio return of 8% a year, and (d) 0.50% annual investment advisory fee would be \$5,228 in the first year, and cumulative effects of \$30,342 over five years and \$73,826 over ten years. Additional information on advisory fees charged by Fiducient Advisors are described in Part 2 of the Form ADV.

OTHER

By regulation, closed-end funds utilizing debt for leverage must report their interest expense, as well as their income tax expense, as part of their total expense ratio. To make for a useful comparison between closed-end funds and both open-end funds and exchange-traded funds, adjusted expense ratios excluding interest and income tax expenses are utilized for closed-end funds within this report. See disclosure on closed-end fund fact sheets for information regarding the total expense ratio of each closed-end fund.

Please advise us of any changes in your objectives or circumstances.

CUSTODIAN STATEMENTS

Please remember to review the periodic statements you receive from you custodian. If you do not receive periodic statements from your custodian or notice issues with the activity reported in those statements, please contact FA or your custodian immediately.